



PROFILE

Objective	To achieve rising income and long-term capital growth by investment in global equities.
Benchmark	Peer group [^]
Sector	Global equity income
Launch	28 June 2005

PORTFOLIO

Active Options Exposure means that allocations may not total 100%.

Sector allocation

	30 Jun	31 Jul
Financials	20.6%	18.2%
Industrials	13.7%	14.0%
Materials	10.2%	12.4%
Information technology	10.9%	11.3%
Healthcare	8.4%	9.5%
Consumer discretionary	9.4%	9.4%
Consumer staples	8.4%	8.5%
Energy	8.1%	8.0%
Utilities	5.8%	5.6%
Telecommunications	4.8%	4.9%
Real Estate	4.4%	4.3%
Cash	8.2%	6.3%
Active Options Exposure [†]	1.8%	1.9%
Gearing [*]	(12.7%)	(12.4%)

Regional allocation

	30 Jun	31 Jul
North America	48.0%	50.8%
Europe	43.5%	41.9%
Emerging Markets	6.8%	6.9%
Asia Pacific ex Japan	6.5%	6.5%
Japan	0.0%	0.0%
Cash	8.2%	6.3%
Active Options Exposure [†]	1.8%	1.9%
Gearing [*]	(12.7%)	(12.4%)

Top 10 holdings

(29.9% of total portfolio)

Microsoft	4.6%
Merck	3.1%
Koninklijke DSM	3.0%
Zurich Insurance	2.9%
Sonic Healthcare	2.9%
Chevron	2.7%
WEC Energy Group	2.7%
Airbus	2.7%
Suncor Energy	2.7%
Occidental Petroleum	2.6%
Number of holdings	51
Number of countries	14

Key facts

Total net assets	£203.5m
Share price (p)	173.5
Net asset value per share (p)	187.9
Discount (premium)	7.7%
Historic net yield [†]	3.4%
Active Options Exposure [†]	1.9%

PERFORMANCE

Cumulative performance over periods to 31 July 2018

	One month	Three months	Six months	One year	Three years	Five years
Share price	4.3%	5.3%	2.2%	8.1%	44.5%	34.1%
NAV	4.4%	7.8%	4.1%	9.0%	45.6%	51.7%
Peer group [^]	3.8%	6.3%	3.9%	7.3%	41.7%	59.3%

[^]On 1 June 2016 Securities Trust of Scotland changed from benchmarking performance against the MSCI World High Dividend Yield index to an unconstrained strategy measured against the performance of the median of the peer group described below. Performance is shown in the table above against this new peer group across various time periods for illustrative purposes only. Prior to adopting a global mandate on 1 August 2011 the company's benchmark was the FTSE All-Share index.

The peer group consists of the AIC Global Equity Income sector combined with actively managed ICVC, SICAV or OEIC funds from Lipper Global - Global Equity Income sector. Performance is measured against the median of this peer group.

12-month performance

	To end Q2 2018	To end Q2 2017	To end Q2 2016	To end Q2 2015	To end Q2 2014
Share price	2.6%	19.4%	16.9%	(4.2%)	(1.6%)
NAV	4.5%	16.6%	17.9%	0.8%	5.4%

Past performance is not a guide to future returns.

Source: Martin Currie. The NAV basis used is cum-income in £. Please note prior to July 2017 the NAV basis used was ex-income NAV in £. Ex-income NAVs exclude current-year income, while cum-income NAVs include current-year income. These figures do not include the cost of buying and selling shares in an investment trust. If these were included, performance figures would be reduced.

MANAGER'S COMMENTARY

Global equities rose during the month in sterling terms, with the MSCI ACWI index up 3.7%. Of the larger markets, North America was the top-performing region, followed by Europe, while Japan lagged. Healthcare led the field from a sector perspective, while consumer discretionary was the most subdued.

The company's NAV rose 4.4% over the month.

At a portfolio level, in absolute terms, IT name Microsoft was the largest contributor thanks to strong results which beat consensus expectations on both the top and bottom lines, and upbeat guidance. Taiwan Semiconductor was also strong, as it continues to benefit from its leading technology and exposure to attractive growth platforms in areas such as smartphones, automotive and the 'internet of things'. US-listed power management company Eaton performed well on recent strong results, which included strong organic sales growth and record margins.

On the other side, clay brick and concrete product manufacturer Ibstock was the largest detractor following its second profit warning this year. In addition to the

earlier headwinds from weather and higher energy costs, the company pointed to increased maintenance activity to sustain capacity. Chinese medical diagnostics business Shanghai Fosun was weak on fears that it could be impacted by trade tariffs. European energy management business Schneider Electric struggled as mixed results showed strong organic sales and profit growth, but with raw material inflation outpacing pricing and cash flow generation coming in on a relatively weak note.

In terms of portfolio activity, we initiated a holding in US chemical industry firm Air Products and sold Italian bank Banca Generali. Additionally, we sold put options in US aerospace and defence company Lockheed Martin.



Mark Whitehead

^{*}For further information on Options please refer to Important Information overleaf.

[†]The risk outlined at the end of this document relating to gearing is particularly relevant to this company but should be read in conjunction with all warnings and comments given.

[†]Source for historic yield: Martin Currie as at 31 July 2018. The historic yield reflects dividends declared over the past 12 months as a percentage of the mid-market share price, as at the date shown. Investors may be subject to tax on their dividends.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Ordinary shares 108,270,789

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Rachel Beagles (chairman) John Evans
Angus Gordon Lennox Mark Little

KEY INFORMATION

Year end 31 March
Annual general meeting September
Interim dividends paid January, April, July, October[#]
Ongoing charges 31 March 2018[§] 0.9%
Investment management fee[#] 0.6% up to £200m
0.4% over £200m
(of net assets plus gearing)
TIDM code STS
Reuters code STS.L
Sedol code B09G3N2

[#]From 1 April 2018.

[§]Percentage of shareholders' funds. Includes annual management fee.

Net asset value and dividend history

As at 31 March	Share price	NAV per share	Discount/ (premium)	Dividend per share
2006	125.5p	135.6p	7.4%	2.85p
2007	141.3p	148.4p	4.8%	5.05p
2008	116.0p	121.5p	3.8%	5.45p
2009	66.3p	75.4p	12.2%	5.45p
2010	99.0p	109.4p	9.5%	4.65p
2011	108.0p	117.4p	8.0%	4.65p
2012	122.0p	119.8p	(1.9%)	4.70p
2013	146.3p	141.8p	(3.2%)	4.75p
2014	144.8p	141.6p	(2.9%)	4.80p
2015	144.3p	152.9p	5.7%	4.90p
2016	135.0p	145.8p	7.4%	5.80p
2017	166.0p	178.0p	6.7%	5.95p
2018	160.5p	170.0p	5.6%	6.10p

Past performance is not a guide to future returns.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This information is issued and approved by Martin Currie Investment Management Limited. It does not constitute investment advice. Market and currency movements may cause the capital value of shares, and the income from them, to fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you invested. Please note that, as the shares in investment trusts are traded on a stockmarket, the share price will fluctuate in accordance with supply and demand and may not reflect the value of underlying net asset value of the shares.

Depending on market conditions and market sentiment, the spread between purchase and sale price can be wide. As with all stock exchange investments the value of investment trust share purchases will immediately fall by the difference between the buying and selling prices, the bid-offer spread. The value of investments and the income from them may go down as well as up and is not guaranteed. An investor may not get back the amount originally invested.

Investment trusts may borrow money in order to make further investments. This is known as 'gearing' and can enhance shareholder returns in rising markets but, conversely, can reduce them in falling markets.

The majority of charges will be deducted from the capital of the company. This will constrain capital growth of the company in order to maintain the income streams.

The company employs an active but tactical options strategy by using derivatives, predominantly writing (selling) puts and covered calls for investment purposes, this being principally to generate income. This may be at the expense of generating capital gains.

A sold put option obligates an investor to take delivery, or purchase shares, of the underlying stock at a specified price within a specified time in return for receiving the payment of a premium.

Any use of derivatives for efficient portfolio management and options for investment purposes will be made on the basis of the same principals of risk spreading and diversification that apply to the company's direct investments.

Martin Currie Investment Management Limited, registered in Scotland (no SC06107) Martin Currie Fund Management Limited, registered in Scotland (no SC0104896). Registered office: Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh EH1 2ES.

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Both companies are authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Please note that calls to the above number may be recorded.

MANAGER'S BIOGRAPHY

Mark joined Martin Currie as Head of Income in November 2015. He manages Securities Trust of Scotland and co-manages the Martin Currie Global Equity Income strategy. Previously, Mark worked at Sarasin & Partners where he constructed and managed a range of income, balanced, growth, and absolute return portfolios; he became Lead Manager for their thematic funds in the Global Dividend Range in 2007, and latterly was appointed Head of Equity Income from 2010. Before Sarasin & Partners, he was a portfolio manager at stockbroker Capel Cure Sharp. Mark started his investment career at NatWest Stockbrokers in 1998 and is a member of the Chartered Institute for Securities & Investment (CISI).

WEBSITE

The company has its own website at www.securitiestrust.com. There you will find further details on Martin Currie, daily share prices (and associated risks), and you can access regular videos by the manager.



www.securitiestrust.com

